# PRESENT SIMPLE WORKBOOK



ZDANIA TWIERDZĄCE

I **like** milk.
You **like** milk.
He **likes** milk.
She **likes** milk.
It **likes** milk.
We **like** milk.
You **like** milk.

They **like** milk.



### SPELLING RULES



#### Większość czasowników

work - works

read - reads

make - makes

start - starts



Czasowniki zakończone na -ch, -sh, -ss, -x, -o

watch - watches

wash - washes

miss - misses

go - goes



Czasowniki zakończone na spółgłoskę + y

cry - cries

study - studies

tidy - tidies

carry - carries



#### 1) Circle the correct words to complete the sentences:

- 1) He live / lives in London.
- 2) Tom watch / watches TV after school.
- 3) I go / goes to school every day.
- 4) They play / plays football on Fridays.
- 5) My mum often listen / listens to music.
- 6) Mark and Ben get up / gets up early.
- 7) Sarah's dad often eat / eats meat.
- 8) Anna's parents like / likes sushi.
- 9) Emily have / has lunch at school.
- 10) We cycle / cycles to school.



## 2) Complete the sentences with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets:

1) Anna	(play) tennis after school.
<b>2)</b> I usually	(do) my homework after dinner.
<b>3)</b> My best friend _	(live) in Paris.
<b>4)</b> Rob	_ (tidy) his room on Saturdays.
<b>5)</b> My dad	(go) to bed late.
6) We often	(play) basketball.
<b>7)</b> Jake and Tom	(like) football.
8) My cousins	(play) tennis with us.
9) It	(finish) at 5 o'clock.
<b>10)</b> He	(love) handball.





## ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

**ALWAYS** - zawsze

**USUALLY** - zazwyczaj

OFTEN - często

**SOMETIMES** - czasami

SELDOM - rzadko

**NEVER** - nigdy

Przysłówki częstotliwości stawiamy zwykle <u>przed</u> czasownikiem głównym:

He often watches TV.

oraz <u>po</u> czasowniku 'to be':

He is often late.



- 1) usually / I / early / get up
- 2) on time / is / Tom / never
- 3) watch / My / often / the / parents / TV / evening / in
- 4) after / Kate / school / plays / sometimes / tennis
- 5) good / mum / always / is / My / a / mood / in



ZDANIA PRZECZĄCE

I don't like milk.
You don't like milk.
He doesn't like milk.
She doesn't like milk.
It doesn't like milk.
We don't like milk.
You don't like milk.
They don't like milk.



#### 1) Circle the correct words to complete the sentences:

- 1) He don't / doesn't like pasta.
- 2) Jake and Bob don't / doesn't watch TV before dinner.
- 3) I don't / doesn't tidy my room every day.
- 4) We don't / doesn't go to school on Saturdays.
- 5) My dad don't / doesn't wash his car every week.
- 6) Emily don't / doesn't get up early.
- 7) My parents don't / doesn't listen to classical music.
- 8) They don't / doesn't play computer games.



## ZDANIA PYTAJĄCE

Do I like milk?

Do you like milk?

Does he like milk?

Does she like milk?

Does it like milk?

Do we like milk?

Do you like milk?

Do they like milk?

8)

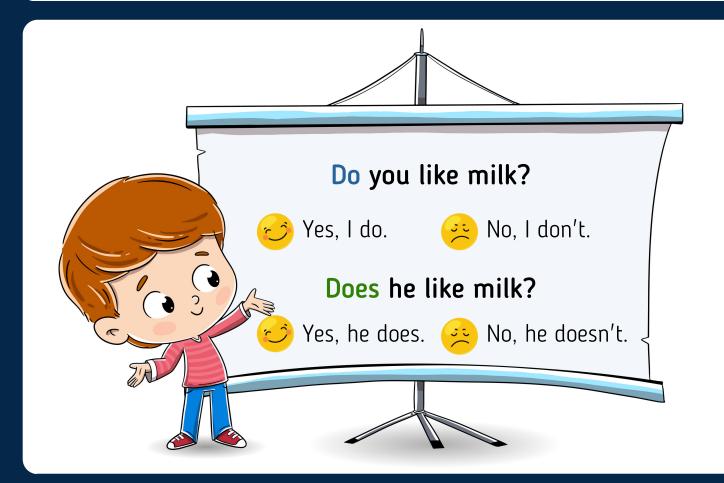


#### 1) Complete the questions with do or does:

1)	you watch TV every day?
2)	your lessons start at 8 o'clock in the morning?
3)	Adam play basketball?
4)	your parents get up early at the weekend?
5)	they like swimming?
6)	you do your homework every day?
7)	your sister like dogs?

Anna speak German?





#### 1) Answer the questions:

- 1) Do you watch TV every day?
- 2) Do you play football?
- 3) Do you like swimming?
- 4) Do you speak French?





## 1) Change the following sentences into the negative and the interrogative:







2) They like football.



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**3)** Whe tidies his bedroom every day.



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#### 2) Translate the sentences into English:

- 1) Oni mieszkają w dużym domu.
- 2) Ben zawsze odrabia pracę domową po szkole.
- 3) Hannah nie lubi matematyki.
- 4) Czy ty odwiedzasz swoją babcię w każdą sobotę?
- 5) Moja mama zwykle chodzi spać po północy.



